

SECRET/NOFORN

PROJECT SUN STREAK

12 Oct 90

WARNING NOTICE: INTELLIGENCE SOURCES AND METHODS INVOLVED

PROJECT NUMBER: 750

SESSION NUMBER: 01

DATE OF SESSION: 1 OCT 90

DATE OF REPORT: 12 OCT 90

START: 1045

END: 1115

METHODOLOGY: ERV

VIEWER IDENTIFIER: 052

1. (S/NF/SK) MISSION: To access and describe the Leaning Tower of Pisa.
2. (S/NF/SK) VIEWER TASKING: Access and describe the site in the target envelope.
3. (S/NF/SK) COMMENTS: No inclemencies noted. A Summary of Information is attached to this report.
4. (S/NF/SK) EVALUATION: *3*
5. (S/NF/SK) SEARCH EVALUATION:

HANDLE VIA SKEET CHANNELS ONLY

SECRET/NOFORN

CLASSIFIED BY: DIA (DT)
DECLASSIFY ON: OADR

UNCLASSIFIED

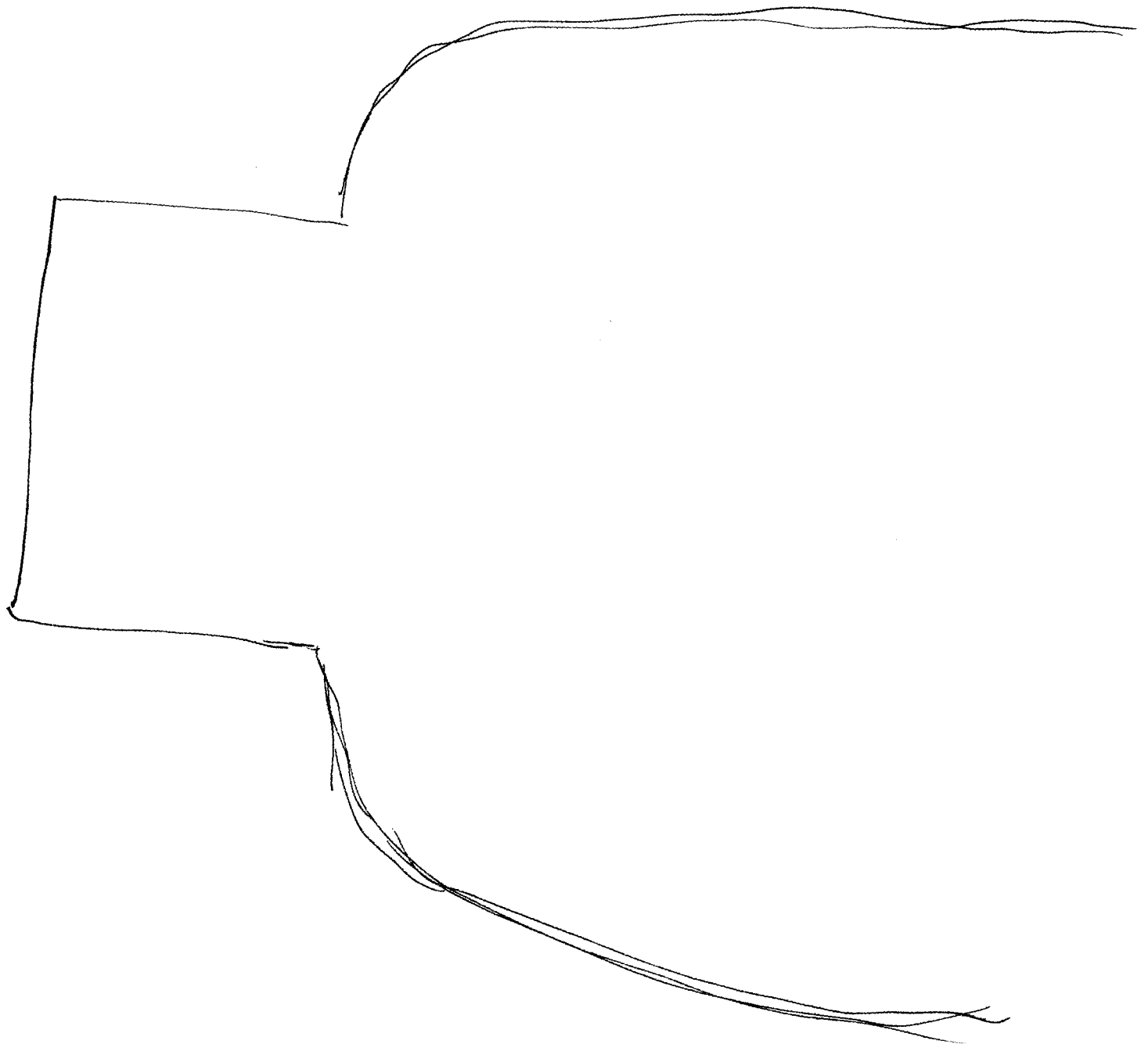
WORKING PAPER

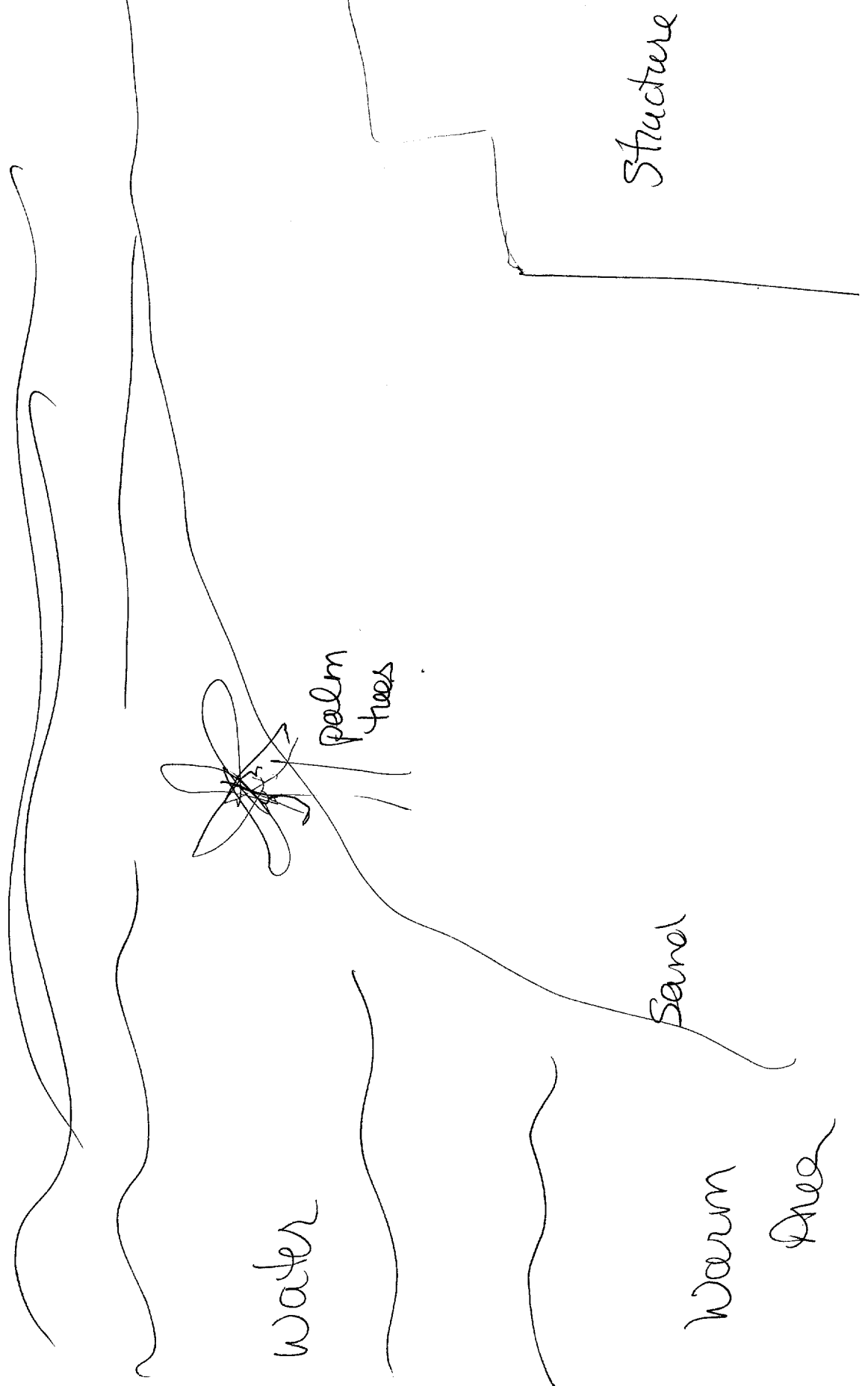
Target #: 750
Date: 1 OCT 90
Time: 1045-1115
Viewer: 052
Session: 01

SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:

The target is a structure close to a body of water. It is very warm in this area, with palm trees and a beach. There are dolphins swimming in the water. It is a vacation spot. People come here to see the structure and to enjoy themselves. Makes me think of Disneyland, Florida. But there is a long, dark, deep tunnel, with a light at the very end. The structure itself is tall, has a flat top, and gets wider toward the bottom. It has a very sandy/grainy texture and a dark color. There are people at this site. They seem to be dressed in old fashioned clothes and hair, like George Washington. There is a curvy-like/snake-like shape at the site and flowers everywhere.

Going back in time, I would want to go to the 18th Century. There is a lot of action and movement around this structure. I couldn't see the structure itself, but I could hear many people talking and shouting at each other. Made me think of war or civil war. The purpose of the structure at this time was to house or to hold.





Site 750

The Leaning Tower of Pisa

Also known as the Campile or the Bell Tower of a cathedral of Pisa in Tuscany, Italy. It is part of a fine architectural complex that includes the cathedral, a baptistery and an enclosed composanto or cemetery, all sheathed in white marble and archaded in Pisan-Romanesque style. The tower near the east end of the church is unusual for both its beauty and for its mechanics of equilibrium. A freestanding cylinder, it consists of 8 tiers of round arched archades. A spiral staircase ascends to the interior. From the top of the tower Galileo is said to have conducted his experiments in physics with falling objects.

The tower was begun in 1174 by an unknown architect. The bell tower at the top was completed about 1350. During construction, an uneven settling of ground caused the building which had a foundation too shallow to support its weight, to lean toward the south. Its deviation was accidental rather than intentional as some scholars thought. Other towers in the city are similarly though less strikingly affected.

Through the years there has been much controversy over the height of the tower and the amount of its tilt. It is now generally agreed that the tower is 179 feet high on the northern side and it deviates nearly 17 ft from the vertical.